

PART II: GENERAL KNOWLEDGE (ENGLISH) 2015

1. In a federal state, the central government retains power in one of these:
a. Education b. Finance c. Army d. Agriculture e. Economy
2. One state symbol is the.....
a. Girl on the stamp b. Jersey N° 9 c. Postal stamp d. Coat of arms
e. President of the republic
3. The nearest planet to the sun is the.....
a. Earth b. Jupiter c. Mercury d. Venus e. Moon
4. When the sun is at the tropic of cancer the season in Europe is.....
a. Winter b. Spring c. Dry season d. Summer e. Autumn
5. The SDF part was launched on the
a. 26th May 1995 b. 26th May 1990 c. 26th May 1991 d. 26th May 1984
e. 26th May 1972
6. How many countries make up the Economic Community of West African states?
a. Sixteen b. Seventeen c. Fifteen d. Fourteen e. Eighteen
7. The secretary general of La Francophonie is.....
a. Issa Hayatou b. Jacque Diouf c. Angela Mickel d. Michaël Jean
e. Ellen Johnson Sirleaf
8. Which arm of government ensures the strict interpretation of the law?
a. The policy b. The judiciary c. The legislature d. The army e. The presidency
9. In what year was the Universal Declaration of Human Rights promulgated?
a. 1939 b. 1945 c. 1948 d. 1918 e. 1950
10. The University of Bamenda is found in one of these divisions:
a. Ngoketunja b. Menchum c. Momo d. Mezam e. Bui
11. How many oceans are there in the world?
a. Ten b. Five c. Seven d. Fifteen e. Four
12. Cameroon will next host the African Cup of Nations in:
a. 2018 b. 2015 c. 2035 d. 2019 e. 2020
13. The Director of the Higher Technical Teacher Training College Bambili is:
a. Professor Tata Ngenge Simon b. Professor Akume Daniel Akume
c. Professor Tafah Edokat Oki Edward d. Professor Joyce Endeley
e. Professor Njong Mom Aloysius
14. Water is a combination of:
a. Sodium chloride b. Sodium oxide c. Chlorine oxygen d. Hydrogen oxide
e. Oxygen chloride
15. Ethics is the branch of studies which deals with the:
a. Morality of human action b. Behaviour of human beings c. Thoughts of human beings
a. Actions of human beings e. Ways of human beings.
16. How many states universities are there is Cameroon?
a. Five b. Seven c. Six d. Eight e. Nine
17. Fundamental principles of morality are the same for all societies and cultures. This is because all human beings are:

- a. The same b. Good c. Rational and social beings d. Human beings
- e. Behaving the same way
- 18. Which sickness is caused by low blood pressure?
 - a. Diabetes b. Hypertension c. Blood pressure d. Hypotension e. Heat disease
- 19. Ruby anniversary is made up of:
 - 25 years b. 40 years c. 50 years d. 75 years e. 100 years
- 20. How many Chinese hospitals exist in Cameroon?
 - a. Ten b. Six c. Three d. Two e. Seven
- 21. Which of these is not a characteristic of schooling?
 - a. Has a special period b. Taught by professionals c. Life lasting c. Certification at the end d. Particular methods are followed
- 22. Justice requires that all human beings should be treated:
 - a. Unduly b. Righteously c. With equity d. Equally
 - e. According to each person's standard in the society
- 23. What kind of behavior should a teacher encourage in his learners?
 - a. That encouraged by community
 - b. That encouraged by the learners
 - c. That valued by the community
 - d. That valued by the school system
 - e. That valued by the president.
- 24. The governor of Adamawa Region is:
 - a. Adolfe Lele l'Afrique b. Joseph Beti Asommo c. Awa Fonkam Augustin d. Jules Marceline Njiaga e. Abakar Ahamad.
- 25. How many countries make u the United Nations Organisation?
 - a. 104 b. 194 c. 193 d. 195 e. 153

PART II: GENERAL KNOWLEDGE (FRENCH)

1. Dans un état fédéral, le gouvernement central conserve le pouvoir sur l'un des domaines suivants:
a. Education b. Finance c. L'armée d. L'agriculture e. L'économie
2. Le symbole de l'Etat est:
a. L'emblème du cachet officiel b. Le drapeau N° 9 c. Les timbres postaux d. Les armoiries e. Le président de la république
3. La planète la plus proche du soleil est:
a. La terre b. Le Jupiter c. Le mercure d. La venus e. La lune
4. Lorsque le soleil est sur le tropique du cancer, la saison en Europe est:
a. L'hiver b. Le Printemps c. La saison sèche d. L'été e. L'automne
5. Le parti SDF a été lancé le:
a. 26 mai 1995 b. 26 mai 1992 c. 26 mai 1990 d. 26 mai 1984 e. 26 mai 1972
6. Combien de pays forment la communauté Economique des Etats de l'Afrique de l'Ouest?
a. Seize b. Dix-sept c. Quinze d. Quatorze e. Dix huit
7. Le secrétaire Général de la Francophonie est:
a. Issa Hayatou b. Jacques Diouf c. Angela Mickel d. Michaël Jean e. Ellen Johnson Sirleaf
8. Quelle institution gouvernementale assure l'exécution stricte de la loi?
a. La police b. Le pouvoir judiciaire c. Le pouvoir législatif d. L'armée e. La Présidence
9. En quelle année la Déclaration Universelle des Droits de l'Homme a été promulguée?
a. 1939 b. 1945 c. 1948 d. 1918 e. 1950
10. L'université de Bamenda se trouve dans lequel de ces départements?
a. Ngoketunja b. Menchum c. Momo d. Mezam e. Bui
11. Combien y a-t-il d'océans dans le monde?
a. Dix b. Cinq c. Sept d. Quinze e. Quatre
12. Le Cameroun a arbitré le prochain coup d'Afrique des Nations en:
a. 2018 b. 2015 c. 2035 d. 2019 e. 2020
13. Le directeur de l'Ecole Normale Supérieure de l'Enseignement technique de Bambili est:
a. Professeur Tata Ngenge Simon b. Professeur Akume Daniel Akume
c. Professeur Tafah Edokat Oki Edward d. Professeur Joyce Endeley
e. Professeur Njong Mom Aloysius
14. L'eau est une combinaison de:
a. Chlorure de sodium b. Oxyde de sodium c. Chlorure d'oxygène d. Oxyde d'hydrogène
e. Oxyde de chlore
15. L'éthique est une branche d'étude ayant trait à ou faisant allusion à:
a. La moralité d'action humaine b. Le comportement des êtres humains c. Les pensées des êtres humains
d. Les actions des êtres humains e. Les attitudes des êtres humains

16. Combine y a-t-il des Universités d'Etat du Cameroun?
a. Cinq b. Sept c. Six d. Huit e. Neuf
17. Les principes fondamentaux de la moralité sont les memes dans toutes les sociétés et les culture. Cela à cause de tous les êtres humains quis sont:
a. Les memes b. Biens d. Des relations humains et sociales d. des êtres humains e. Des comportements indentiques
18. Quelle est la maladie causée par une faible pression de sang sur les artères?
a. Diabète b. Hypertension c. La forte pression artérielle d. L'hypotension e. La maladie du cœur
19. L'anniversaire du Ruby est célèbre après:
a. 25 ans b. 40 ans c. 50 ans d. 75 ans e. 100 ans
20. Combine d'hôpitaux Chinois existent-ils au Cameroun?
a. Dix b. Six c. Trois d. Deux e. Sept
21. Laquelle des expressions suivantes n'est pas une caractéristiques des etudes?
a. A une période spécial b. Enseigné c. Une durée à vie d. Une certification à la fin
e. Les méthodes particulières utilisées
22. La justice demande que tous les êtres humains devront être traités:
a. Injustement b. avec virtuosité c. Avec équité d. avec égalité e. En tenant compte du niveau social de la personne
23. Quell type de comportement l'enseignant devrait encourage à ses apprenants?
a. Celui encourage par la communauté
b. Celui encourage par les apprenants
c. Celui valorisé par la communauté
d. Celui valorisé par le système scolaire
e. Celui valorisé par le président.
24. Le gouverneur de la région de l'Adamaoua est:
a. Adolfe Lele l'Afrique b. Joseph Beti Asommo c. Awa Fonkam Augustin d. Jules Marceline Njiaga e. Abakar Ahamad.
25. Combien de pays sont membres de l'organisation des Nations Unies?
a. 104 b. 194 c. 193 d. 195 e. 153

PART II: GENERAL KNOWLEDGE 2015

1. The constitution which made provision of the creation of a house of senate in Cameroon was
a. 1960 b. 1961 c. 1996 d. 1972.
2. A major innovation introduced by ELECAM to check fraud in national elections is
a. Biometric registration b. Increase number of election observers' c. transparent ballot box d. Use of indelible ink.
3. When Cameroon is faced with the major disaster the national flag is
a. Flown upside down b. Flown half-mast c. fully hoisted d. Not hoisted.
4. Cameroon was officially colonized by
a. Germany b. Britain c. France d. Britain and France.
5. Cameroon became a member of the commonwealth in
a. 1985 b. 1995 c. 1975 d. 2005.
6. The growth and employment strategy paper gives guidelines to Cameroon's development from
a. a. 2010 to 2015 b. 2010 to 2018 c. 2010 to 2035 d. 2010 to 2020.
7. The largest single employer in Cameroon after the state is
a. MTN b. CDC c. Brasseries du Cameroun d. Douala Ports Authority
8. The text organizing The University of Bamenda was signed on
a. September 2011 b. October 2011 c. December 2010 d. March 2011.
9. A major change that came with the decentralization policy in Cameroon was
a. The transformation of provinces to regions b. Election of regional governors c. Transformation of councils to autonomous institutions d. Creation of the Senate.
10. The first governor of the North West Region of Cameroon was
a. Achoyl Abuem b. Guillaume Nseke c. Abakat Hamat d. Enow Tanjong.
11. The first care taker president of the Cameroon senate was
a. Peter mafany Musonge b. Niat Njifenji Marcel c. V.T Mukete d. Simon Achidi Achu
12. Cameroon lastly hosted the African Cup of Nations in
a. 1984 b. 1972 c. 1990 d. 1986
13. The following are aspects of the flag of Cameroon as a national symbol except;
a. The flag should be raised in a gentle manner and also lowered ceremonially. b. The flag should be treated with due respect and dignity deserving a national symbol. c. The flag should not be flown in a position lower to that of any other flag, nor should the size be smaller. d. When flown in Cameroon, the national flag takes precedence over all other flags.
14. The second African country to qualify for the quarter finals of the world football cup was
a. Cameroon b. Nigeria c. Ghana d. Cote d'Ivoire
15. The Cameroonian ace musician whose musical lyrics were oriented towards public protest against the oppression of the masses in Cameroon in the 1990s was
a. Guy Manu b. Petit Payes c. Lapiro de Mbanga d. Sammy Diko

16. The radical Islamic group that is reigning terror especially in the Northern part of Nigeria and Cameroon is called
 - a. Al-Qaeda
 - b. Boko Haram
 - c. Seleka Rebels
 - d. Al-Shabab
17. The Arab spring started in
 - a. Egypt
 - b. Tunisia
 - c. Syria
 - d. Libya
18. The golden jubilee of independence and reunification of Cameroon was celebrated in
 - a. Buea on February 201
 - b. Yaounde on 1 January 2010
 - c. Bamenda on 8 December 2010
 - d. Foumban on 1 October 2010
19. A UNESCO touristic potential heritage in the South West Region of Cameroon is
 - a. The slave trade wharf at Bimbia
 - b. Twin lakes at Kupe Manenguba
 - c. Alfred Saker's monument in Limbe
 - d. Reunification monument in Buea.
20. One of the major anticipated innovations in the Audio-visual landscape in Cameroon by 2015 is
 - a. Introduction of android technology
 - b. Change from digital to analogue technology
 - c. Combination of analogue and digital technology
 - d. Change from analogue to digital technology.
21. The second Anglo-Saxon Higher Technical Teacher Training College in Cameroon was opened in
 - a. Buea
 - b. Ombe
 - c. Kumba
 - d. Limbe
22. A unit of the Ministry of Finance with paramilitary expertise to curb contraband transaction is
 - a. Customs
 - b. B.I.R
 - c. Auditors
 - d. Specialized finance controllers
23. A current environmental friendly policy and cohesive action used by the state of Cameroon is
 - a. Campaign against the use of biodegradable substances
 - b. Ban on non-biodegradable synthetic materials
 - c. Preservation of the natural flora and fauna
 - d. Non importation of hydrochloroflouro carbon equipment
24. A state governed by religious principles is called
 - a. Theocratic State
 - b. Islamic State
 - c. Monarchy
 - d. Secular State
25. All the following were Provinces in Cameroon from 1972 to 1984 except;
 - a. Center Province
 - b. North West Province
 - c. Grand North Province
 - d. South West Province.